

Do - Now

THE RATIOS 5:3 AND 10:6 ARE EQUIVALENT RATIOS.

1. Is the ratio 15:12 equivalent to these? Explain your reasoning.

No!

$$\begin{array}{c} 15 : 12 \\ \cancel{\div 3} \quad \cancel{\div 4} \\ 5 : 3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{\quad} \begin{array}{c} 5 : 3 \\ \times 3 \\ 15 : 9 \end{array}$$

2. Is the ratio 30:18 equivalent to these? Explain your reasoning.

Yes!

$$\begin{array}{c} 30 : 18 \\ \cancel{\div 6} \quad \cancel{\div 6} \\ 5 : 3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{\quad} \begin{array}{c} 5 : 3 \end{array}$$

3. Give two more examples of ratios that are equivalent to 5:3.

25:15

10:6
60:36

Name _____ Date _____

Equivalent Ratios

What are equivalent ratios?

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## FINDING EQUIVALENT RATIOS USING THE MULTIPLICATION TABLE:

Use the multiplication table to write two ratios equivalent to 10: 14.

**STEPS:**

- Find 10 and 14 in the same row.
- Look at the columns for 10 and 14.

Choose a number from each column. Make sure that the numbers you choose are in the same row.

|    | 1  | 2  | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  | 7  | 8  | 9   | 10  | 11  | 12  |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1  | 1  | 2  | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  | 7  | 8  | 9   | 10  | 11  | 12  |
| 2  | 2  | 4  | 6  | 8  | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18  | 20  | 22  | 24  |
| 3  | 3  | 6  | 9  | 12 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 27  | 30  | 33  | 36  |
| 4  | 4  | 8  | 12 | 16 | 20 | 24 | 28 | 32 | 36  | 40  | 44  | 48  |
| 5  | 5  | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45  | 50  | 55  | 60  |
| 6  | 6  | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | 42 | 48 | 54  | 60  | 66  | 72  |
| 7  | 7  | 14 | 21 | 28 | 35 | 42 | 49 | 56 | 63  | 70  | 77  | 84  |
| 8  | 8  | 16 | 24 | 32 | 40 | 48 | 56 | 64 | 72  | 80  | 88  | 96  |
| 9  | 9  | 18 | 27 | 36 | 45 | 54 | 63 | 72 | 81  | 90  | 99  | 108 |
| 10 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90  | 100 | 110 | 120 |
| 11 | 11 | 22 | 33 | 44 | 55 | 66 | 77 | 88 | 99  | 110 | 121 | 132 |
| 12 | 12 | 24 | 36 | 48 | 60 | 72 | 84 | 96 | 108 | 120 | 132 | 144 |

- Write the new ratios.



**YOU TRY:**

Use the multiplication table to write two ratios that are equivalent to 6:16.

NOTES: CC.6.RP.3.A

### FINDING EQUIVALENT RATIOS USING MULTIPLICATION OR DIVISION:

Use multiplication or division to write two ratios that are equivalent to 8:6.

$$8:6 = 16:12 \Rightarrow 4:3$$

STEPS:

$$\frac{8 \times 2}{6 \times 2} = \frac{16}{12}$$

$$\frac{8 \div 2}{6 \div 2} = \frac{4}{3}$$

1. Multiply or divide the numerator and denominator by the same number.

2. Write the new ratios.

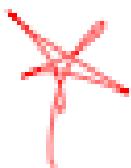
YOU TRY:

1. Use multiplication or division to write two ratios that are equivalent to 8:10.

2. Complete the table using equivalent ratios.

|   |   |    |    |
|---|---|----|----|
| 4 | 8 | 12 | 16 |
| 3 | 6 | 9  | 12 |

### DETERMINING WHETHER TWO RATIOS ARE EQUIVALENT



Determine if  $\frac{4}{10}$  and  $\frac{14}{35}$  are equivalent ratios.

STEPS:

Yes because they both simplify to 2:5.

1. Simplify each ratio.

2. Compare each ratio - if they are the same, they are equivalent.

YOU TRY: Determine if the following ratios are equivalent.  $\frac{21}{14}$  and  $\frac{18}{10}$

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

# Rates

## Vocabulary:

A rate is a ratio that compares two quantities measured in different units.

*For example: Suppose you read 150 pages in 4 days. Your reading rate would be  $\frac{150 \text{ pages}}{4 \text{ days}}$ .*

Express as a rate.

1. 120 students for every 3 buses

$$\frac{120 \text{ students}}{3 \text{ buses}}$$



2. \$3.28 for 10 pencils

$$\frac{\$3.28}{10 \text{ pencils}}$$

3. \$274 for 40 hours of work

$$\frac{\$274}{40 \text{ hours}}$$